

**BYLAWS
OF
ARCOTT PLACE HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.**

ARTICLE I - EFFECTIVE DATE

These By-Laws of Arcott Place Homeowners' Association, Inc. Are effective as of August 18, 2006 and amend and replace in full any and all prior By-Laws of Arcott Place Homeowners' Association, Inc., as they may have been amended from time to time.

ARTICLE II - GENERAL

1. REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT

The registered office and registered agent of the Corporation shall be as set forth in the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation. The registered office or the registered agent may be changed by resolution of the Board of Directors, upon making the appropriate filing with the Secretary of State.

2. PRINCIPAL OFFICE

The principal office of the Corporation shall be at 407 Julie Rivers Drive, Sugar Land, Texas 77478, provided that the Board of Directors shall have the power to change the location of the principal office.

3. OTHER OFFICES

The Corporation may also have other offices at such places, within or without the State of Texas, as the Board of Directors may designate, or as the business of the Corporation may require or as may be desirable.

4. DEFINITIONS

All capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning given to such terms in that Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions and all Supplemental Declarations, applicable to the properties within the jurisdiction of the Association (the "Declaration"), and recorded or to be recorded in the Office of the County Clerk of Fort Bend County, Texas, and as the same may be amended from time to time as therein provided.

ARTICLE III - MEMBERS

1. MEMBERSHIP

Membership shall be determined according to Article Six of the Articles of Incorporation.

2. PLACE OF MEETING

The Board of Directors may designate any place, either within or without the State of Texas, as the place of meeting for any annual meeting or for any special meeting called by the Board of Directors. If no designation is made or if a special meeting be otherwise called, the place of meeting shall be the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Texas but if all of the members shall meet at any time and place, either within or without the State of Texas, and consent to the holding of a meeting, such meeting shall be valid without call or notice, and at

such meeting any corporate action may be taken.

3. ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of members shall be held on the date and time set by the Board of Directors.

Failure to hold the annual meeting at the designated time shall not work a dissolution of the Corporation. In the event the Board of Directors fails to call the annual meeting at the designated time, any member may make demand that such meeting be held within a reasonable time, such demand to be made in writing by registered mail directed to any officer of the Corporation. If the annual meeting of members is not called within sixty (60) days following such demand, any member may compel the holding of such annual meeting by legal action directed against the Board of Directors, and all of the extraordinary writs of common law and of courts of equity shall be available to such member to compel the holding of such annual meeting.

4. NOTICE OF MEMBERS' MEETING

Written or printed notice stating the place, day, and hour of the meeting and, in case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be delivered not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting, either personally, by facsimile transmission, or by mail, by the Corporation at the direction of the President, or the Secretary, or the officers or persons calling the meeting, to each member entitled to vote at such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail addressed to the member at his address as it appears on the records of the Corporation, with postage thereon paid. If transmitted by facsimile, notice is deemed to be delivered on successful transmission of the facsimile.

5. SPECIAL MEMBERS' MEETINGS

Special meetings of the members may be called by the President, a majority of the Board of Directors, or by members having not less than one-tenth of the votes entitled to be cast at such meeting.

Only business within the purpose or purposes described in the notice or executed waiver of notice may be conducted at a special meeting of the members.

Any person or persons entitled hereunder to call a special meeting of members may do so only by written request sent by certified mail or delivered in person to the President or Secretary. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as limiting, fixing, or affecting the time or date when a meeting of members called by action of the Board of Directors may be held.

6. VOTING OF MEMBERS

Each member, regardless of class, shall be entitled to one (1) vote on each matter submitted to a vote of the members, except to the extent that the voting rights of members of any class or classes are limited, enlarged, or denied by the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws.

A member may vote in person or, unless the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws otherwise provide, may vote by proxy executed in writing by the member or by his duly authorized attorney-in-fact. No proxy shall be valid after eleven (11) months from the date of its execution, unless otherwise provided in the proxy. Each proxy shall be revocable unless expressly provided therein to be irrevocable, and in no event shall it remain irrevocable for more than eleven (11)

months. The Board of Directors may create procedures for the conduction of elections by mail.

At each election for directors every member entitled to vote at such election shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, for as many persons as there are directors to be elected and for whose election he has a right to vote, or, if expressly authorized by the Articles of Incorporation, to cumulate his vote by giving one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by his vote shall equal, or by distributing such votes on the same principle among any number of such candidates. Any member who intends to cumulate his votes as herein authorized shall give written notice of such intention to the secretary of the Corporation on or before the day preceding the election at which such member intends to cumulate his votes.

The vote of the majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the members present, or represented by proxy at a meeting at which a quorum is present, shall be the act of the members meeting, unless the vote of a greater number is required by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws.

Any vote may be taken by voice or show of hands unless a member entitled to vote, either in person or by proxy objects, in which case written ballots shall be used.

7. QUORUM OF MEMBERS

Unless otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or in these Bylaws, members holding 40% of the votes entitled to be cast, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum. If quorum is not reached at the annual meeting, the Board of Directors may call a second annual meeting within six months, and at said second meeting the needed quorum shall be 20%.

Unless otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, once a quorum is present at a meeting of members, the members represented in person or by proxy at the meeting may conduct such business as may be properly brought before the meeting until it is adjourned, and the subsequent withdrawal from the meeting of any member or the refusal of any member represented in person or by proxy to vote shall not affect the presence of a quorum at the meeting. Unless otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the members represented in person or by proxy at a meeting of members at which a quorum is not present may adjourn the meeting until such time and to such place as may be determined by a vote of the majority of the members represented in person or by proxy at that meeting.

8. FIXING RECORD DATES FOR DETERMINING MEMBERS ENTITLED TO VOTE AND NOTICE

The record date for determining the members entitled to notice of a members' meeting and for determining the members entitled to vote at a members' meeting shall be the close of business on the business day preceding the date on which notice is given, or if notice is waived, at the close of business on the business day preceding the date of the meeting.

~~A determination of members entitled to notice of or to vote at a members' meeting is effective for any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board of Directors fix a new date for determining the right to notice or the right to vote. The Board of Directors must fix a new date for determining the right to notice or the right to vote if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than ninety (90) days after the record date for determining members entitled to notice of the original meeting.~~

9. VOTING LISTS

After fixing a record date for the notice of a meeting, the Corporation shall prepare an

alphabetical list of the names of all the voting members who are entitled to notice of the meeting. The list must show the address and number of votes each voting member is entitled to cast at the meeting. The Corporation shall maintain, through the time of the members' meeting, a list of members who are entitled to vote at the meeting but are not entitled to notice of the meeting. This list shall be prepared on the same basis and be part of the list of voting members.

Not later than two (2) business days after the date notice is given of a meeting for which a list was prepared, as provided above, and continuing through the meeting, the list of voting members must be available for inspection by any member entitled to vote at the meeting for the purpose of communication with other members concerning the meeting at the Corporation's principal office or at a reasonable place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A voting member or voting member's agent or attorney is entitled on written demand to inspect and to copy the list at a reasonable time and at the member's expense during the period it is available for inspection.

The Corporation shall make the list of voting members available at the meeting, and any voting member or voting member's agent or attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment.

10. ACTION BY MEMBERS WITHOUT MEETING

Any action required by the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to be taken at a meeting of the members, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the members or any committee, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken, shall be signed by all the members entitled to vote with respect to the subject matter thereof, or all of the members of the committee, as the case may be. Such consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote.

If the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation so provide, any action required by the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to be taken at a meeting of the members or any action that may be taken at a meeting of the members of any committee may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken, is signed by a sufficient number of members or committee members as would be necessary to take that action at a meeting at which all of the members or members of the committee were present and voted.

Each written consent shall bear the date of signature of each member or committee member who signs the consent. A written consent signed by less than all of the members or committee members is not effective to take the action that is the subject of the consent unless, within sixty (60) days after the date of the earliest dated consent delivered to the Corporation in the manner required by this section, a consent or consents signed by the required number of members or committee members is delivered to the Corporation at its registered office, registered agent, principal place of business, transfer agent, registrar, exchange agent, or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of members or committees are recorded. Delivery shall be by hand or certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Delivery to the Corporation's principal place of business shall be addressed to the President or principal executive officer of the Corporation.

Prompt notice of the taking of any action by members or a committee without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to all members or committee members who did not consent in writing to the action.

If any action by members or a committee is taken by written consent signed by less than all of the

members or committee members, any articles or documents filed with the Secretary of State as a result of the taking of the action shall state, in lieu of any statement required by this Act concerning any vote of the members, that written consent has been given in accordance with the provisions of Article 1396-9.10 of the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act and that any written notice required by such Article has been given.

A telegram, telex, cablegram, or similar transmission by a member or member of a committee or a photographic, photostatic, facsimile, or similar reproduction of a writing signed by a member or member of a committee shall be regarded as signed by the member or member of a committee for purposes of this section.

11. COMMITTEES OF THE MEMBERS

The members, by resolution adopted by a majority of the members, may designate one or more committees, which, to the extent provided in such resolution, shall have and exercise the authority of the members in the management of the Corporation, except as limited by the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act. Each such committee shall consist of two or more members. The designation of such committees and the delegation thereto of authority shall not operate to relieve the members, of any responsibility imposed upon it or him by law.

Each member of a committee shall continue as such until the next annual meeting of the members of the Corporation and until his successor is appointed, unless the committee shall be sooner terminated, or unless such member be removed from such committee, or unless such member cease to qualify as a member thereof. One member of each committee shall be appointed chairman by the person or persons authorized to appoint the members thereof. Vacancies in the membership of any committee may be filled by appointments made in the same manner as provided in the case of the original appointments. Unless otherwise provided in the resolution designating a committee, a majority of the whole committee shall constitute a quorum and the act of a majority of the members present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the committee. Each committee may adopt rules for its own government not inconsistent with these Bylaws or with rules adopted by the members.

ARTICLE III - DIRECTORS

1. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the extent not limited or prohibited by law, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, the powers of the Corporation shall be exercised by or under the authority of, and the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed under the direction of the Board of Directors of the Corporation. Directors must be residents of the State of Texas and members of the Corporation unless the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws otherwise provide.

2. NUMBER AND ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The number of directors shall be five (5) provided that the number may be increased or decreased from time to time by an amendment to these Bylaws or resolution adopted by the Board of Directors, provided that the number of directors may not be decreased to fewer than three (3). No decrease in the number of Directors shall have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director.

At the first annual meeting of members and at each annual meeting thereafter, the members shall

elect directors. A director shall hold office until the next annual election of directors and until his successor shall have been elected, appointed, or designated and qualified.

3. REMOVAL

A director may be removed from office, with or without cause, by a vote of 60% or more of the then existing members of the Board of Directors or at a Special Meeting of the Members, duly called pursuant to the By-Laws and Articles of Formation, by the vote of 51% of the Members entitled to vote at said meeting whether present in person or by proxy or not.

4. RESIGNATION

A director may resign by providing written notice of such resignation to the Corporation. The resignation shall be effective upon the date of receipt of the notice of resignation or the date specified in such notice. Acceptance of the resignation shall not be required to make the resignation effective.

5. VACANCIES AND INCREASE IN NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors shall be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors though less than a quorum of the Board of Directors. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected for the unexpired term of his predecessor in office and shall serve until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. Any directorship to be filled by reason of an increase in the number of directors shall be filled by election at an annual meeting or at a special meeting of members called for that purpose.

6. ANNUAL MEETING OF DIRECTORS

Immediately following each annual meeting of members, the Board of Directors elected at such meeting shall hold an annual meeting at which they shall elect officers and transact such other business as shall come before the meeting. The time and place of the annual meeting of the Board of Directors may be changed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

7. REGULAR MEETING OF DIRECTORS

Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held with or without notice at such time and place as may be from time to time determined by the Board of Directors.

8. SPECIAL MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The Secretary shall call a special meeting of the Board of Directors whenever requested to do so by the President or by two (2) or more directors. Such special meeting shall be held at the date and time specified in the notice of meeting.

9. PLACE OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held either at the principal office of the Corporation or at such other place, either within or without the State of Texas, as shall be specified in the notice of meeting or executed waiver of notice.

10. NOTICE OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

Notice of any special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given at least two days previously thereto by written notice delivered personally or sent by mail or telegram to each Director at his address as shown by the records of the Corporation. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail in a sealed envelope so addressed, the postage thereon prepaid. If notice is given by telegram, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when the telegram is delivered to the telegraph company. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting. The attendance of a Director at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a Director attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transaction at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the Board need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting, unless specifically required by law or by these by-laws.

11. QUORUM AND VOTING OF DIRECTORS

A quorum for the transaction of business by the Board of Directors shall be a majority of the number of directors fixed by these Bylaws. Directors present by proxy may not be counted toward a quorum. The act of the majority of the directors present in person or by proxy at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors, unless the act of a greater number is required by law or the Articles of Incorporation.

A director may vote in person or by proxy executed in writing by the director. No proxy shall be valid after three months from the date of its execution. Each proxy shall be revocable unless expressly provided therein to be irrevocable, and unless otherwise made irrevocable by law.

12. COMPENSATION

Directors, as such, shall not receive any stated salary for their services, but by resolution of the Board of Directors a fixed sum and expenses of attendance, if any, may be allowed for attendance at any meeting of the Board or Directors. A director shall not be precluded from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation for such services. Member of committees may be allowed similar compensation and reimbursement of expenses for attending committee meetings.

13. ACTION BY DIRECTORS WITHOUT MEETING

Any action required by the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken, shall be signed by all the Board of Directors entitled to vote with respect to the subject matter thereof, or all of the members of the committee, as the case may be. Such consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote.

If the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation so provide, any action required by the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or any action that may be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken, is signed by a sufficient number of Board of Directors or committee members as would be necessary to take that action at a meeting at which all of the Board of Directors or members of the committee were present and voted.

Each written consent shall bear the date of signature of each member or committee member who signs the consent. A written consent signed by less than all of the Board of Directors or

committee members is not effective to take the action that is the subject of the consent unless, within sixty (60) days after the date of the earliest dated consent delivered to the Corporation in the manner required by this section, a consent or consents signed by the required number of Board of Directors or committee members is delivered to the Corporation at its registered office, registered agent, principal place of business, transfer agent, registrar, exchange agent, or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of Board of Directors or committees are recorded. Delivery shall be by hand or certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Delivery to the Corporation's principal place of business shall be addressed to the President or principal executive officer of the Corporation.

Prompt notice of the taking of any action by Board of Directors or a committee without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to all Board of Directors or committee members who did not consent in writing to the action.

If any action by Board of Directors or a committee is taken by written consent signed by less than all of the Board of Directors or committee members, any articles or documents filed with the Secretary of State as a result of the taking of the action shall state, in lieu of any statement required by this Act concerning any vote of the Board of Directors or committee members, that written consent has been given in accordance with the provisions of Article 1396-9.10 of the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act and that any written notice required by such Article has been given.

A telegram, telex, cablegram, or similar transmission by a member or member of a committee or a photographic, photostatic, facsimile, or similar reproduction of a writing signed by a member or member of a committee shall be regarded as signed by the member or member of a committee for purposes of this section.

14. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors, by resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors in office, may designate and appoint one or more committees, each of which shall consist of two or more Directors, which committees, to the extent provided in said resolution, shall have and exercise the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the Corporation, except that no such committee shall have the authority of the Board of Directors in reference to amending, altering or repealing the by-laws; electing, appointing or removing any member of any such committee or any Director or officer of the Corporation; amending the articles of incorporation; restating articles of incorporation; adopting a plan of merger or adopting a plan of consolidation with another Corporation; authorizing the sale, lease, exchange or mortgage of all or substantially all of the property and assets of the Corporation; authorizing the voluntary dissolution of the Corporation or revoking proceedings therefore; adopting a plan for the distribution of the assets of the Corporation; or amending, altering or repealing any resolution of the Board of Directors which by its terms provides that it shall not be amended, altered or repeated by such committee. The designation and appointment of any such committee and the delegation thereto of authority shall not operate to relieve the Board of Directors, or any individual Director, of any responsibility imposed upon it or him or her by law.

Other committees not having and exercising the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the Corporation may be appointed in such manner as may be designated by a resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Except as otherwise provided in such resolution, members of each such committee shall be members of the Corporation, and the President of the Corporation shall appoint the members thereof. Any member thereof may be removed by the person or persons authorized to appoint

such member whenever in their judgment the best interests of the Corporation shall be served by such removal.

Each member of a committee shall continue as such until the next annual meeting of the members of the Corporation and until his successor is appointed, unless the committee shall be sooner terminated, or unless such member be removed from such committee, or unless such member cease to qualify as a member thereof.

One member of each committee shall be appointed chairman by the person or persons authorized to appoint the members thereof.

Vacancies in the membership of any committee may be filled by appointments made in the same manner as provided in the case of the original appointments.

Unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors designating a committee, a majority of the whole committee shall constitute a quorum and the act of a majority of the members present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the committee.

Each committee may adopt rules for its own government not inconsistent with these by-laws or with rules adopted by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV - POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. POWERS

The Board of Directors shall have power to:

(a) Suspend the voting rights of a Member during any period in which such Member shall be delinquent in the payment of any assessment levied by the Association in excess of thirty (30) days. Such rights may also be suspended after notice and hearing, for a period not to exceed sixty (60) days for infraction of published rules and regulations;

(b) Exercise for the Association all powers, duties and authority vested in or delegated to the Association and not reserved to the membership by other provisions of these By-Laws, the Articles of Incorporation, or the Declaration;

(c) Declare the office of a Member of the Board of Directors to be vacant in the event such Member shall be absent from three (3) consecutive regular meetings of the Board of Directors; and

(d) Employ a manager, an independent contractor, or such other employees as the Board of Directors deems necessary, and to prescribe their duties.

2. DUTIES

It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors to:

(a) cause to be kept a complete record of all its acts and corporate affairs and to present a statement thereof to the Members at the annual meeting of the Members, or at any special meeting when such statement is requested in writing by one-fourth (1/4) of the Class A members who are entitled to vote;

(b) supervise all officers, agents and employees of the Association, and to see that their duties are properly performed;

(c) as more fully provided in the Declaration, to:

- (1) fix the amount of the assessments against each Lot as set forth in the Declaration;
- (2) send written notice of each assessment to every Owner subject thereto as set forth in the Declaration; and
- (3) foreclose the lien against any property for which assessments are not paid or to bring an action at law against the Owner personally obligated to pay the same.

(d) issue, or to cause an appropriate officer to issue, upon demand by any person, a certificate setting forth whether or not any assessment has been paid. A reasonable charge may be made by the Board for the issuance of these certificates. If a certificate states an assessment has been paid, such certificate shall be conclusive evidence of such payment;

(e) procure and maintain such liability insurance and hazard insurance on property owned by the Association, officers' and directors' liability and other insurance, all such types and amounts as the Board shall determine;

(f) cause all officers or employees having fiscal responsibilities to be bonded, as it may deem appropriate; and

(g) perform the other duties of the Association set forth in the Declaration.

3. Management

The Board of Directors may employ a professional management company to perform the administrative functions of the Board of Directors on behalf of the Association, at the expense of the Association.

ARTICLE V - OFFICERS

1. NUMBER OF OFFICERS

The officers of a Corporation shall consist of a president and a secretary and may also consist of one or more vice-presidents, a treasurer, and such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary. New offices may be created and filled at any meeting of the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, except the offices of president and secretary. A committee duly designated may perform the functions of any officer and the functions of any two or more officers may be performed by a single committee, including the functions of both president and secretary.

2. ELECTION OF OFFICERS AND TERM OF OFFICE

All officers shall be elected or appointed annually by the Board of Directors at the regular annual meeting of the Board of Directors for such terms not exceeding two (2) years.

3. REMOVAL OF OFFICERS, VACANCIES

Any officer elected or appointed may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in their judgment the best interests of the Corporation will be served thereby. The removal of an officer shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the officer so removed. Election or appointment of an officer or agent shall not of itself create contract rights. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise, may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

4. POWERS OF OFFICERS

Each officer shall have, subject to these Bylaws, in addition to the duties and powers specifically set forth herein, such powers and duties as are commonly incident to that office and such duties and powers as the Board of Directors shall from time to time designate. All officers shall perform their duties subject to the directions and under the supervision of the Board of Directors. The President may secure the fidelity of any and all officers by bond or otherwise.

All officers and agents of the Corporation, as between themselves and the Corporation, shall have such authority and perform such duties in the management of the Corporation as may be provided in these Bylaws, or as may be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors not inconsistent with these Bylaws.

In the discharge of a duty imposed or power conferred on an officer of a Corporation, the officer may in good faith and with ordinary care rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, concerning the Corporation or another person, that were prepared or presented by: (1) one or more other officers or employees of the Corporation, including members of the Board of Directors; or (2) legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to matters the officer reasonably believes are within the person's professional or expert competence.

An officer is not relying in good faith within the meaning of this section if the officer has knowledge concerning the matter in question that makes reliance otherwise permitted by this subsection unwarranted.

5. PRESIDENT

The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation and shall preside at all meetings of all directors and members. Such officer shall see that all orders and resolutions of the board are carried out, subject however, to the right of the directors to delegate specific powers, except such as may be by statute exclusively conferred on the President, to any other officers of the Corporation.

The President or any Vice-President shall execute bonds, mortgages and other instruments requiring a seal, in the name of the Corporation. When authorized by the board, the President or any Vice-President may affix the seal to any instrument requiring the same, and the seal when so affixed shall be attested by the signature of either the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary. The President or any Vice-President shall sign certificates of stock.

The President shall be ex-officio a member of all standing committees.

The President shall submit a report of the operations of the Corporation for the year to the directors at their meeting next preceding the annual meeting of the members and to the members at their annual meeting.

6. VICE-PRESIDENTS

The Vice-President, or Vice-Presidents in order of their rank as fixed by the Board of Directors, shall, in the absence or disability of the President, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President, and they shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall prescribe.

7. THE SECRETARY AND ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the members and shall record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings and shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required. The Secretary shall give or cause to be given notice of all meetings of the members and all meetings of the Board of Directors and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors. The Secretary shall keep in safe custody the seal of the Corporation, and when authorized by the Board of Directors, affix the same to any instrument requiring it, and when so affixed, it shall be attested by the Secretary's signature or by the signature of an Assistant Secretary.

The Assistant Secretaries shall in order of their rank as fixed by the Board of Directors, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary, and they shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall prescribe.

In the absence of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, the minutes of all meetings of the board and members shall be recorded by such person as shall be designated by the President or by the Board of Directors.

8. THE TREASURER AND ASSISTANT TREASURERS

The Treasurer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Corporation and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors.

The Treasurer shall disburse the funds of the Corporation as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements. The Treasurer shall keep and maintain the Corporation's books of account and shall render to the President and directors an account of all of his or her transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation and exhibit the books, records and accounts to the President or directors at any time. The Treasurer shall disburse funds for capital expenditures as authorized by the Board of Directors and in accordance with the orders of the President, and present to the President for his or her attention any requests for disbursing funds if in the judgment of the Treasurer any such request is not properly authorized. The Treasurer shall perform such other duties as may be directed by the Board of Directors or by the President.

If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give the Corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of the office and for the restoration to the Corporation, in case of death, resignation, retirement or removal from office, of all books, papers, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in the incumbent's possession or under the incumbent's control belonging to the Corporation.

The Assistant Treasurers in the order of their seniority shall, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer, and they shall perform such

other duties as the Board of Directors shall prescribe.

ARTICLE V - INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE

1. INDEMNIFICATION

The Corporation shall have the full power to indemnify and advance expenses pursuant to the provisions of the Texas Non-Profit to any person entitled to indemnification under the provisions of the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act.

2. INSURANCE

The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance or another arrangement on behalf of any person who is or was a member, director, officer, employee, or agent of the Corporation or who is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, partner, venturer, proprietor, trustee, employee, agent, or similar functionary of another foreign or domestic corporation, employee benefit plan, other enterprise, or other entity, against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her in such a capacity or arising out of his or her status as such a person, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him or her against that liability. If the insurance or other arrangement is with a person or entity that is not regularly engaged in the business of providing insurance coverage, the insurance or arrangement may provide for payment of a liability with respect to which the Corporation would not have the power to indemnify the person only if including coverage for the additional liability has been approved by the members of the Corporation. Without limiting the power of the Corporation to procure or maintain any kind of insurance or other arrangement, the Corporation may, for the benefit of persons indemnified by the Corporation, (1) create a trust fund; (2) establish any form of self-insurance; (3) secure its indemnity obligation by grant of a security interest or other lien on the assets of the Corporation; or (4) establish a letter of credit, guaranty, or surety arrangement. The insurance or other arrangement may be procured, maintained, or established within the Corporation or with any insurer or other person deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors regardless of whether all or part of the stock or other securities of the insurer or other person are owned in whole or part by the Corporation. In the absence of fraud, the judgment of the Board of Directors as to the terms and conditions of the insurance or other arrangement and the identity of the insurer or other person participating in an arrangement shall be conclusive and the insurance or arrangement shall not be voidable and shall not subject the directors approving the insurance or arrangement to liability, on any ground, regardless of whether directors participating in the approval are beneficiaries of the insurance or arrangement.

ARTICLE VI - MISCELLANEOUS

1. WAIVER OF NOTICE

Whenever any notice is required to be given to any member or director of the Corporation under the provisions of the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act or under the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be equivalent to the giving of such notice.

2. MEETINGS BY TELEPHONE CONFERENCE OR OTHER REMOTE COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Subject to the provisions required or permitted by the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act and these Bylaws for notice of meetings, members of the Corporation, members of the Board of Directors, or

members of any committee may participate in and hold a meeting of such members, board, or committee by means of: (1) conference telephone or similar communications equipment by which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other; or (2) another suitable electronic communications system, including videoconferencing technology or the Internet, only if: (a) each member entitled to participate in the meeting consents to the meeting being held by means of that system; and (b) the system provides access to the meeting in a manner or using a method by which each member participating in the meeting can communicate concurrently with each other participant. Participation in a meeting pursuant to this section shall constitute presence in person at such meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

3. SEAL

The Corporation may adopt a corporate seal in such form as the Board of Directors may determine. The Corporation shall not be required to use the corporate seal and the lack of the corporate seal shall not affect an otherwise valid contract or other instrument executed by the Corporation.

4. CONTRACTS

The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation, in addition to the officers so authorized by these by-laws, to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

5. CHECKS, DRAFTS, ETC.

All checks, drafts or other instruments for payment of money or notes of the Corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as shall be determined from time to time by resolution of the Board of Directors.

6. DEPOSITS

All funds of the Corporation shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select.

7. GIFTS

The Board of Directors may accept on behalf of the Corporation any contribution, gift, bequest or devise for the general purposes or for any special purpose of the Corporation.

8. BOOKS AND RECORDS

The Corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall keep minutes of the proceedings of the members, Board of Directors, and committees and shall keep at the registered office or principal office in this State a record of the names and addresses of its members entitled to vote. A member of the Corporation, on written demand stating the purpose of the demand, has the right to examine and copy, in person or by agent, accountant, or attorney, at any reasonable time, for any proper purpose, the books and records of the Corporation relevant to that purpose, at the expense of the member.

9. FINANCIAL RECORDS AND ANNUAL REPORTS

The Corporation shall maintain current true and accurate financial records with full and correct entries made with respect to all financial transactions of the Corporation, including all income and expenditures, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices. All records, books, and annual reports (if required by law) of the financial activity of the Corporation shall be kept at the registered office or principal office of the Corporation in this state for at least three years after the closing of each fiscal year and shall be available to the public for inspection and copying there during normal business hours. The Corporation may charge for the reasonable expense of preparing a copy of a record or report.

10. FISCAL YEAR

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be as determined by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE VII - CONSTRUCTION

1. PRONOUNS AND HEADINGS

All personal pronouns used in these Bylaws shall include the other gender whether used in masculine or feminine or neuter gender, and the singular shall include the plural whenever and as often as may be appropriate. All headings herein are for the parties' convenience only and neither limit nor amplify the provisions of this Agreement.

2. INVALID PROVISIONS

If any one or more of the provisions of these Bylaws, or the applicability of any such provision to a specific situation, shall be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision shall be modified to the minimum extent necessary to make it or its application valid and enforceable, and the validity and enforceability of all other provisions of these Bylaws and all other applications of any such provision shall not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE IX - AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS

The Board of Directors may amend or repeal these Bylaws, or adopt new Bylaws, unless the Articles of Incorporation or the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act limit such powers. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or a bylaw adopted by the members provides otherwise as to all or some portion of these Bylaws, the members at an meeting or special meeting of the members by a 51% vote of the members entitled to vote may amend or repeal these Bylaws or adopt new Bylaws even though the Bylaws may also be amended, repealed, or adopted by the Board of Directors.

Adopted by the Board of Directors on August 18, 2006.

Secretary